

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

From Friday, August 26, to Friday, September 2, 1737.

Vienna, May 4, O. S.

THE Emperor's Resolution is fix'd to declare War against the Porte, on the Return of the Couriers lately sent to Petersburg with a Copy of the Declaration. Colonel Bernclau is made Major-General, and is setting out from thence for the Russian Army, attended by above 30 Engineers and other experienced Officers. It is now resolved, that the Army to be form'd in Hungary will be in Four different Bodies. The First near Semlin, to consist of 24 Battalions, 19 Companies of Grenadiers, and 64 Squadrons, and to be commanded by Count Seckendorff, who is to have under him the Counts Philippi and Khevenhuiller, Generals of the Horse; Wutcheditz Wallis, Petrasch, Strum Bathiani, Cavanagh, and Charles Palfi, Lieutenant-Generals; 12 Major-Generals, and a Quarter-Master-General. The second Body near Vipalanka, consisting of 23 Battalions, 28 Companies of Grenadiers, and 28 Squadrons, to be commanded by General Schmertau, who is to have under him Count Wurmbrand, General of the Horse; the Lieutenant-Generals Leutrum, Thungen, Miglio, and Stein; and Five Major-Generals. The Third in Transilvania, consisting of 38 Squadrons, and 12 Battalions, under the Command of Count Francis Wallis, with Two Lieutenant-Generals, and Five Major-Generals. These three Armies, consisting of about Seventy Thousand Men, besides the Saxon Auxiliaries, and the Hungarian Militia, are to join and make but one Army, under the Command of the Velt-Marshall Count Seckendorff, 'til the Arrival of the Duke of Lorrain. The Fourth Body is to act separately, under the Conduct of the Prince of Sax Hildebourghausen; who is to have Three Lieutenant-Generals, and Six Major-Generals, under him: His Army is to consist of 13 Battalions, 13 Companies of Grenadiers, and 33 Squadrons, besides 20,000 Croats. It is impossible to express the Vastness of our Preparations for a vigorous and bloody War: In short, they infinitely surpass any Thing that was ever known in any of our former Wars against the Porte.

Edinburg, April 8. A Woman was buried at St. Catherine's Church in Dublin, the Second of March, and a Noise being heard in the Night, and next Morning, in the Grave, the Coffin was taken up, and opened, when the Woman was found to be alive, but very bloody, and much bruised; yet she lived but a few Hours after, and was again buried the next Night.

Bishops-Castle, in Shropshire, May 15. On Friday Morning, about Break of Day, there was felt here a great Earthquake, which lasted about a Minute, to the great Surprise and Astonishment of all those that were awake at that Time, and many were awaked by it; 'twas first heard by a rumbling great Noise, like the latter End of a Thunder Clap, and then immediately the Houses and Beds shook violently, all the Things in the Houses; Doors clatter'd, like violently going to be open'd; Glafs, in the Windows, Shelves and Frames with Pewter, made a Noise; Candlesticks, &c. tumbled down; Inhabitants starting up out of their Beds in such Consternation, as tho' the Houses (of Stone and Timber built,) were tumbling down about them: Friday the 13th Instant, being our Market-Day here, the Market-People related the same Shock was felt that very Morning, at the same Time, many Miles round this Town.

London, May 10. On Monday last, died, much lamented,

at her House at Rochester, Mrs. Wood, a Widow Lady of a plentiful Fortune. What seems most to have contributed to her Death, was, an Accident which lately happen'd to her, the following Account being the Particulars of it: A few Weeks ago, Mrs. Wood had a Letter dropt in her House, (in the Names of Ten Men) threatening, *That if she did not lay 10 Guineas the very next Morning under a large Stone near the House, her House would be immediately reduc'd to Ashes, and all Appurtenances belonging thereto.* She advis'd with a Gentleman, (a near Neighbour) who knowing the Credulity of Mrs. Wood, (of which some ill designing Persons had taken Advantage) advis'd her, by no Means to comply with, or take any Notice of the Letter. The next Day she received another by the Post, wrote by the same Hand, and to the same purpose; adding withal, *That if the Gentleman whom they believ'd dissuaded her from complying with their reasonable Demand, (as they urg'd, being only a Guinea a Man) did persist in his unseasonable Advice, they would make him severely pay for it; and according to their Promise, (the next Letter also not being complied with) they were so enraged at him, as knowing him to be the Means which obstructed their Purpose, that they set Fire to a Barn belonging to this Gentleman, about Three Miles distant from that City, in which was Grain to the Value 70 or 80 l. and was intirely consum'd.* Mrs. Wood was so concern'd at this Gentleman's Loss, as being on her Account, and so much frighten'd at the Danger which hourly threatned her, that 'tis suspected it must in a great Measure, have occasion'd her Death. Neither the Writer, or others concern'd in these Letters, have been as yet discover'd, tho' 20 l. Reward is offer'd on the Conviction of any one of them.

May 26. The Publick Attention is much taken up with a Project said to have been formed some Time past, for Means of uniting most strictly the Courts of Vienna and Madrid.

That according to this Plan, Tuscany should be given to the Infant Don Philip.

That an Equivalent be given in Money to the Duke of Lorrain, for the Loss of that great Dutchy.

The Court of Spain assist the Emperor powerfully in his War against the Turks.

That over and above this, she will guaranty the Measures his Imperial Majesty has taken of securing the Pragmatick Sanction; and that the Second Archduchess be given in Marriage to the King of the two Sicilies.

May 28. Letters from Santa Cruz in the Kingdom of Suz in Africa, say, that they have the Appearance of a plentiful Crop, but are under the most dreadful Apprehensions of losing every Grain by the coming of innumerable Swarms of Grasshoppers, which Insects were never seen in Barbary before. Some Santons (Mahometan Enthusiasts, in great Esteem among the Infidels of that Country,) have declared those Grasshoppers to be the Fore-runners of a most dangerous Scourge from Heaven, if they continue to sell their Corn to the Christians of Europe: But the Merchants of Santa Cruz, have little Regard to any Predictions or Reasons that clash with their own private Interest; and, says our Correspondent, still continue to send their Corn abroad as usual.

A Wager of 200 l. has been laid, that the intended Bridge at Westminster, will be passable by the 20th Day of October, 1738.

Williamsburg,

Williamsburg, August 29. Last Sunday arriv'd in James River, the Ship Industry, Capt. John Brown, (belonging to Capt. Hutchins, of Norfolk,) in 7 weeks from London: By whom we have the following Advices.

ON Sunday the 2d of this Instant, (June) says the Paris Alaman, Mr. Chauvelin, late Keeper of the Seals, receiv'd a Letter de Cachet, by which the King order'd him to set out on Thursday the 6th for Bourges in Berry, to which Place he is banished with his Family. But our private Correspondent is more particular in this Article; he agrees with the Alaman as to the Banishment, but assures us, that M. Chauvelin was sent to the Castle of Bourges under a strong Guard. The further Consequences of this Affair he says we must expect from Time, the Politicians being still uncertain how it will turn out, the Court of Spain having never been known to abandon her Friends; Witness the great Influence which Cardinal Alberoni has all along continued to have in the Management of the Spanish Affairs, notwithstanding his seeming Disgrace.

By Letters from Paris of a later Date, we have Advice, that Chauvelin is to travel farther than Bourges in Berry: It is said that he is to be sent to *Pierre-Encise*; this is a black, dismal Castle, on the Summit of a high, steep Rock, within a small League of Lyons; the Foot of the Rock is wash'd by the River Soane, and nothing can have a more melancholly Aspect: This is One of the Three famous Prisons in France for Criminals of State, the other Two being the *Bastille* and *Vincennes*; but the *Pierre-Encise* most dreadful of any, and when M. Chauvelin sees the Inside of it, we shall then begin to believe the Cardinal to be like something in earnest. If the late Keeper of the Seals has been really guilty of what he is accus'd of, Heads have often tumbled from much less Criminals Shoulders in France; and if he keeps his, after all this Cookery about him, we shall look upon the whole to have been but a Farce, purposely to amuse some Powers of Europe, and colour over Intrigues, in which more than one have been concern'd.

Letters from Poland say, the Turks are grown prodigiously upish; that all the Janisaries are very alert and lively, and that every body among the Turks is striving to be admitted into the Army.

We hear from the Frontiers of Turkey, that the Turkish Army attack'd an advanc'd Post in Croatia, in which was about 200 Men, all of whom the Turks either cut to Pieces, or made Prisoners.

Letters from Vienna, confirm the above Account of the Turks having cut to Pieces or taken Prisoners the 200 Imperialists in Croatia; and further add, that the Turks have attack'd several other Detachments on the Frontiers of that Province; and that the Court of Vienna looks on those Hostilities as an open Rupture and glaring Infracture of the Treaty of Passarowitz.

And Letters from Petersburg say, that a Courier has been dispatch'd away to Count Munich, to begin Hostilities without further Delay against the Turks. The Count's express Orders are, either to force the Grand Vizier to a Battle, or to lay Siege to Bender, or some other Place. The same Letters add, that the Veldt-Marshal Count Lasce's Army, with which he has Orders to attack the Crim, consists of 49000 regular Troops, and 35000 Cossacks and Calmucks, in all 84000 Men.

The King of Prussia is very busy in reviewing his Forces; and they write from Hanover, that all the Troops of that Electorate have receiv'd Orders to march at the first Warning.

We hear from Smyrna, that a Fire broke out there the 7th of last April, in the Evening, which has done almost as much Damage as the Earthquake, (mention'd in our last;) for, besides 500 Houses burnt down to the Ground, a vast Quantity of Merchandize was consum'd, and many People destroy'd. Smyrna was one of the richest and most mercantile Towns in all the Ottoman Empire; and we hope that these Two Scourges which it has so lately met with, are no more than Forerunners of God's Vengeance against the Ottoman Empire, for the Cruelty of the Turks against Christians, and the Barbarities they have committed upon them these 3 or 4 Centuries past.

We have the following Letter from Naples, dated May 21.

A few Days ago Mount Vesuvius began to rage in a most terrible Manner, casting forth Flames, great Stones, and a prodigious Quantity of flaming Bituminous Matter, with a louder and more frightful Noise than that of Thunder itself: That Bituminous and Sulphurous Matter ran like a River of Fire in less than 24 Hours from the Summit of the Mountain to the Sea, which is Twelve Miles. The Night following, all the Mountain resembled a Coal of Fire; the Smoke, which was very thick, rose to a prodigious Height and very strange Figure; and the Cinders, Ashes, and other combustible Stuff, fell in such vast Quantities, that all the Boroughs and Villages thereabouts were cover'd, and the Inhabitants almost frighted to Death at the incredibly large Stones that were hurled from the Mountain among them. It is a long Time since Vesuvius has been known in such a Flame.

Extract of a Letter from Leyden.

Mr. Adrian Steckhoven, a Gardener and Florist in the Neighbourhood of this City, having foreseen Two Years ago, that the Plant he has in his Garden, would blow this Year; the Thing happen'd accordingly, exactly as he foretold, for it has not only put out its Flowers, but also shews already its Fruit. This admirable Plant is call'd by the Indians *Pican* and *Musa*; but in Holland it is commonly known by the Name of *Adam's Apple*, or the *Apple of Paradise*. Mr. Steckhoven, by his great Care, and the Observations he made in the East Indies, has brought this Plant to a much greater Degree of Perfection than ever was known in this Country. It is actually 14 Feet high; and the Leaves, which are of a bright Green and Transparent, are Six Feet long, and 22 inches broad. The Fruit, which according to the Opinion of some learned Men, was what tempted our first Parents, is so inexpressible beautiful, that it ravishes the Sight, and raises the other Senses to an Extacy. Mr. Steckhoven proposes to publish his Remarks upon the Vegetation and Improvement of this wonderful Plant.

London, June 4. By Letters from Paris, we have an Account, that the French People growing so fond of Malt Liquor as to prefer it to Wine; on the 3d of June, N. S. an Order was publish'd, to prevent the People's drinking of Malt Liquors.

Five French Men of War are sail'd from Thouon, to cruise on the Saltee Rovers, and do some other Exploits on the Coasts of Barbary.

Letters from Jamaica, of the 5th of April, confirm the Account (formerly given in this Paper) of the great Fire at Panama, which City was consum'd, only 15 Houses being left standing. The Inhabitants were in great Want of Provisions.

We hear, that by the Bill now in the House of Peers, against Players of Interludes, &c. Copies of all Plays, Farces, or any thing wrote in the Dramatic Way, are to lie 14 Days before the Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household, for the Time being, for his Perusal and Approbation, before they shall be exhibited on the Stage.

June 9. Yesterday his Majesty was pleas'd to confer the Honour of Knighthood on William Lee, Esq; one of his Majesty's Judges of the King's Bench; and the same Day his Majesty was pleas'd to appoint him Lord Chief Justice of the said Court: And Sir William Chapple, Knt. Member of Parliament for Dorchester, will be made one the Judges of that Court, in his room.

This Day his Grace the Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, was marry'd to Miss Spencer, who attain'd the Age of Twenty One Years on Tuesday.

June 11. This Day the Rev. Dr. Thomas Gooch, by his Majesty's Conge d'Elire lately elected Bishop of Bristol, was confirm'd at Bow Church, in Cheapside; and To-morrow his Lordship is to be consecrated at Lambeth.

June 16. We hear, that the vacant Blue Garter, late the Earl of Peterborough's, will be given to his Serene Highness the Duke of Saxe Gotha, Brother to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales; and that vacant by the Death of the late Earl of Berkeley will be given to his Grace the Duke of Portland. And

And that the Right Hon. the Earl of Dunmore will be created Knight of the most ancient Order of the Thistle, in the room of the late Earl of Orkney, deceased; and that the Earl of Ha will be created Knight of the said Order, in the room of the late Earl of Haddington.

And that the Right Hon. Horatio Wapole, Esq; and the Right Hon. the Earl of Soudon, will be created Knights of the Honourable Order of the Bath.

June 18. Yesterday the following Promotions were made at Court:

The Lord De la War is appointed Governor of New-York.

Sir Orlando Bridgeman, Bart. Governor of Barbadoes.

The Earl of Fitzwalter, Treasurer of the Household.

Lord Monion, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard. Giles Esle, Esq; a Lord of the Treasury, in the Room of Sir George Oxendon, Bart.

Ralph Jenniton, Esq; Master of the Buck-Hounds.

The Earl of Tankerville, a Lord of the Bed-chamber.

Richard Arundall, Esq; Master Worker of his Majesty's Mints.

Henry Fox, Esq; Surveyor-General of the Works.

James Brudenell, Esq; Gentleman of the Horse to the King, in the Room of Brigadier General Berkeley.

Charles Fielding, Esq; and Col. Mordaunt, Equerries to his Majesty.

----- Heibert, Esq; Brother to the Earl of Pembroke, William Glanville, Esq; Member for Hyeth, and the Lord Viscount Aboyne, Member for Harwich, made Commissioners of the Revenue in Ireland, in the Room of Sir Orlando Bridgeman, Giles Esle, Esq; and another.

June 21. This Day, about Two o'Clock his Majesty, attended by his Grace the Duke of Richmond, Master of the Horse, and the Right Hon. the Earl Cowper, one of the Lords of the Bed-chamber in Waiting, went in his Coach of State to the House of Peers; and being in his Royal Robes seated on the Throne, was pleas'd to give the Royal Assent to the several Bills ready for that Purpose; and then put an End to this Session of Parliament with a most gracious Speech from the Throne.

On Sunday, James Ogilthorpe, Esq; kiss'd his Majesty's Hand, upon his being appointed General of the King's Forces in South-Carolina and Georgia.

We hear, That Col. Horley is to be Governor of South-Carolina.

Martin Bladen, Esq; one of the Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, John Drummond Esq; and Samuel Tuffnel, Esq; are appointed Commissioners to treat with those of the Emperor of Germany, and the States General, at Antwerp, about settling a new Tariff or Treaty of Commerce in the Austrian Netherlands; and have receiv'd their Instructions, and Orders to depart with all convenient Speed.

June 23. Letters from Edinburgh mention, that on the 15th Instant a Quantity of Snow had fallen on the Ochil, and the other Hills Northward, a Thing very uncommon at this Season; and which they apprehend portends some Ill to the City of Edinburgh.

July 7. By Letters from Edinburgh, we are inform'd, that on Tuesday last Week, Alexander Wilton, Esq; late Lord Provost of that City, arrived there from London; on which Occasion there were great Rejoicings. At Four in the Afternoon, the Musick Bells began to play, and at Seven the great Bells were set a Ringing, and continu'd 'til Nine. Several Hundreds of the Citizens went out to meet him, and the Roads, particularly near the City, were crowded with Thousands of Spectators; and at Night there were Two Bonfires before his Lodgings, and in several other Parts of the City.

The Nether Bow Port, which has been chain'd up and kept open ever since the fatal Night in which Capt. Porteus was hang'd by the Mob, is now unchain'd, in order to be shut at Night, as usual.

Clear'd out of the Upper District of James River. Sept. 2. Ship Rappahannock of London, John Wilcox, Master, for London, with 345 Hogsheads of Tobacco, 6800 Staves, 2 Hogsheads and one Barrel of Skins, and one Ton of Sassafras.

Isle of Wight County, July, 5, 1737.

ON the 23d Day of April last, there was a Robbery committed in the County of Nanjemund, in the House of one Thomas Kernals; and that it has been judiciously reported by some ill-disposed Persons, That William Taylor, Ordinary-Keeper, at the time of Wight County Court house, (who lives at least 20 Miles from the said Kernals's House,) was one of the Robbers: Now, this is to certify, That this Day William Taylor, came before me, Hardy Council, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the above-said County, of the Wight, and brought with him Richard Johnson, Samuel Johnson, John Nelens, Richard Conard, Joshua Powell, and John Yeats; who made Oath before me, that they all ~~were with the said William Taylor that Day on the~~ King's Road; the said Taylor being their Overseer, and treated them 'till almost Sun-set, the same Day, at his own Expence: And further, by the Oath of Joseph Fowler, William Edmunds, and William Brewel, that they were in Company with the said Taylor, in the Evening of the same Day, at his own House: And further, by the Oath of William Jones, that he was in Company with the said Taylor, late in the Night, at his own House, and left him with Company; and the next Morning, (by Sun-Rise,) came to the said Taylor's, and found him in Bed: And further, by the Oath of Olive Freeman, a hiringling Wench in the House, that she lighted him to Bed about 12 at Midnight.

Hardy Council.

ON Tuesday last, the 30th of August, a Negro Man, who was taken up in Middletown County, as a Run-away, was committed to the Public Prison, in Williamsburg. He is a lusty Fellow, about 25 Years old, and is suppos'd to be a new Negro; he calls himself George; but cannot or will not discover who he belongs to. The Owner may have him again, by applying to the Keeper of the said Prison, and paying the Charges.

Richmond County, August 27, 1737.

LAST Thursday Night, run-away from the Subscriber, Two Convict Servant Men. One is an Irish Man, talks thick, and much upon the Brogue, and was known by the Name of Bryan Kelly. He is of a middle Stature, black Hair, fresh Complexion, much Pock-fretten, his Head close shav'd when he went away, and professes himself a Gardener by Trade; and took with him a Gun and Ammunition; Two old Black, and One Yellowish Natural Wigg, One coarse Camlet Coat, of a greenish Cast, half trimm'd, with white Pearl Buttons, and only fac'd with Shalloon; a Man's Cloth Coat half trimm'd, with yellow Venetian Buttons, and only fac'd; one red Penistone Jacket, trimm'd, with Needle Buttons; one grey Cloth Jacket; one pair of Cloth, and one pair of Ticken Breeches, one pair of new Trowsers, 3 Check'd Osnabrig Shirts, Shoes, and Stockings; and an old fine Hat without Lining. The other is named W. Barber, a Well Country Fellow, talks broad, and is of a middle Stature, dark mothy Complexion, and hath a Scar on his Forehead, and Three on one Arm; one of which is upon his Wrist, the next between That and the Bent of his Arm, and the other above; his Head is shav'd, one Tooth out of the Upper Jaw. He took with him a cropt Hat, a Man's Cloth Jacket, a pair of Cotten Breeches, one Shirt, and old Shoes, and Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Runaways, and secures them as the Law directs, (so that they are caus'd to return to their Service,) shall receive a Reward of Five Hundred Pounds of Tobacco, and one Pistole; and if taken up above Fifty Miles from my House, their Reward shall be advanced Two Pistoles; and, if an Hundred Miles, then the Reward shall be Ten Pistoles, besides the Allowance by Law, paid by

Daniel Hornby.

LAST Friday was Fortnight, a Negroe Woman, belonging to Mr. Clayborn Gouge, at Clayborn's Ferry, in New Kent County, either ran away, or was convey'd away by Water: She is of a low Stature, well set, Grey headed, a Virginian born, and speaks good English. Whoever will bring her to her said Master, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows: And any Person that will prove who convey'd her away, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by Clayborn Gouge.

P R O P O S A L S
For the Sale of sundry valuable Jewels, and Plate, amounting to Four Hundred Pistoles. By Way of
LOTTERY. For which

THERE are to be Four Hundred Tickets, at a Pistole each, Eighty of which will be Prizes; which will be Four Blanks to One Prize.

The greatest Prize is of Sixty Two Pistoles Value; the Second, of Forty Pistoles; the Third of Thirty; the Fourth of Twenty Pistoles Value; and the rest of the Prizes gradually decrease in their Value, to the Number of Eighty Prizes, in all, 'til they come down to Two Pistoles, which are the lowest Prizes; so that every Adventurer has, for One Pistole, a Chance for a Prize of Sixty Two Pistoles; and if he draws but one of the lowest Prizes, he gets double the Value of his Money.

The Goods are rated at the common saleable Prizes; and may be seen at any Time between this and the Day of drawing the said Lottery, at my House or Store, in Williamsburg. Alexander Kerr.

N. B. Tickets are delivered out by Mr. Kerr; and it is propos'd the said Lottery shall be drawn on Tuesday the First Day of November next.

A List of the PRIZES, in the said LOTTERY.

N ^o .	Value, in Pistoles.
1	ONE large Brilliant Diamond Ring, with a small Brilliant on each Side; One Solitair, or Breast Jewel, set with One large Amethyst in the Middle, One large Amethyst Drop, Three Garnets, Four Emeralds, and Nine Rose Diamonds; One Gold chas'd Box, with an Egyptian Pebble at the Top and Bottom; Value of them 62
2	One Brilliant Diamond Ring, with a small Brilliant on each Side; One Mother of Pearl Snuff-Box, set in Gold, chas'd Plates on the Top, and studded on the Bottom; One fine Stone Seal, set in Gold, 40
3	One large Brilliant Diamond Ring, with a small Brilliant on each Side; a Gold Toothpick Case, with chas'd Plates, 30
4	One Mother of Pearl Box, set in Gold, with chas'd Plates on the Top, and studded on the Bottom; One Gold Toothpick Case, 20
5	One Ring, with a large Rose Diamond in the Middle, One Emerald, One Diamond, One Rubie on each Side, 15
6	One Hoop Ring, with Ten Diamonds and Ten Emeralds set round the Hoop, 13
7	One Scroll Ring, with One large Diamond, and Eight smaller, 13
8	One Ring with One Emerald and Six Rose Diamonds, and One Gold Toothpick Case, 10
9	One Ring with Four Diamonds, Three Emeralds, and One Silver Toothpick Case, 7
10	One Ring with Three Emeralds, and Two Rubies; and One Silver Toothpick Case, 7
11	One Gold Toothpick Case, One Ring with a Garnet and Two Diamonds, 6½
12	One Ditto, and Six Tea Spoons, and Tongs, 6
13	One Ditto, and One pair of Gold Buttons, 6
14	One Ring with an Emerald, Four Diamonds, and a Silver chas'd Box, 5½
15	One Ditto, with a Garnet, Two Diamonds, and a Silver chas'd Box, 5
16	One Ditto, 5
17	One Gold Toothpick Case, 4
18	A neat Silver Toothpick Case, chas'd in the Corinthian Order, with a Seal, 4
19	One Ring, with an Amethyst, engrav'd, 4
20	One Head set in Gold, 4
21	One Ditto, 4

N ^o .	Value, in Pistoles.
22	One Ditto, 4
23	One Silver Box, chas'd, and gilt on the Inside, 2½
24	One Ditto, 2½
25	One Ditto, 2½
26	One Ditto, 2½
27	One Ditto, 2½
28	One Ditto, 2½
29	One Ditto, 2½
30	One Ditto, 2½
31	One Silver Toothpick Case, and One false Stone Ring, 2½
32	One Ditto, 2½
33	One Ditto, 2½
34	One Ditto, 2½
35	One Ring with a Garnet and Two Diamonds, One Ivory Box, 2½
36	One Ring with a Garnet, and Two Diamonds, One Ivory Box, 2½
37	One pair of Stone Buttons, set in Gold, 2½
38	One pair of Ditto, 2½
39	One pair of Ditto, 2½
40	One pair of Ditto, 2½
41	One fine Brilliant Christal Buckle, 2
42	One Ditto, 2
43	One Ditto, 2
44	One Ditto, 2
45	One Mother of Pearl Box, and One small Girdle Buckle, 2
46	One Ditto, with a Silver Girdle Buckle, neatly work'd, 2
47	One Conk Shell set in Silver, and One work'd Buckle, 2
48	One Stone Ring, and a Patch Box, with a Looking-Glass in the Top, 2
49	One Ditto, 2
50	One Ditto, 2
51	One Ditto, 2
52	One Ditto, 2
53	One Stone Ring, and One Ebony Mull, with Silver Rims and Hinges, 2
54	One Toothpick Case, and One pair of Gold Studs, 2
55	One Ditto, 2
56	One Ditto, 2
57	One Ditto, 2
58	One Ditto, 2
59	One Ditto, 2
60	One pair of Stone Ear-Rings, 2
61	One Ditto, 2
62	One Ditto, 2
63	One Ditto, 2
64	One Chas'd Mettal Box, gilt, with a Bacchus on the Top, 2
65	One Toothpick Case, One Neck Buckle, One Ivory Box, 2
66	One Ditto, 2
67	One Ditto, 2
68	One Toothpick Case, One Mother of Pearl Box, 2
69	One Ditto, 2
70	One Toothpick Case, One Neck Buckle, One Ivory Box, 2
71	One Ditto, 2
72	One pair of Gold Buttons engrav'd, One Ivory Box, 2
73	One pair of Ditto, 2
74	One pair of Ditto, 2
75	One pair of Ditto, 2
76	Six Tea Spoons, and Tongues, 2
77	Ditto, 2
78	Ditto, 2
79	Ditto, 2
80	One Silver Box, with a Paste Egyptian at the Top, 2